

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	9550	peng	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:45
L2	110	peng and hexamer	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:45
L3	73	peng and random near2 hexamer	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:52
L4	27	hexamer same microarray	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:53
L5	34	random\$9 near5 (PCR or polymerase adj1 chain) same microarray	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:54
L6	166	random\$9 near5 (PCR or polymerase adj1 chain) same hexamer	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 09:06
L7	1	"6635418"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 09:06

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	4	"630384" and (nonpreferen\$9 or preferen\$9 or entir\$9)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:02
L2	1	"630384" and (start)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:02
L3	0	"630384" and (site)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:05
L4	3	"630384" and prefer\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:06
L5	3	"630384" and length	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:09
L6	1	"630384" and biotin\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:09
L7	1	"630384" and fluore\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:10
L8	1	"630384" and digoxigenin	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:10
L9	1	"630384" and opaque	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:10
L10	4	"630384" and entir\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:12
L11	5	"630384" and complet\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:13
L12	5	"630384" and full\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:13
L13	2	"630384" and total\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:14
L14	0	"630384" and whole	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:16
L15	2	"630384" and (hundred or thousand or fifty)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:17
L16	1	"630384" and continuum	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:18
L17	1	"630384" and ascertained	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:18
L18	2	"630384" and cannot	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:18
L19	4	"630384" and identif\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:21
L20	0	"630384" and antibiotic	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:21
L21	5	"630384" and resist\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:22
L22	0	"630384" and virulen\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:22

L23	0	"630384" and virul\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:22
L24	1	"630384" and infecti\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:24
L25	2	"630384" and treat\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:24
L26	2	"630384" and transmis\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:25
L27	1	"630384" and infect\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:26
L28	1	"630384" and genetic near3 alter\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:26
L29	1	"630384" and redund\$9	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:27
L30	3	"630384" and condition\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:28
L31	1	"630384" and (bacillus or yersinia)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:28

=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:59:29 ON 03 JUN 2005)

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, JICST-EPLUS, ESBIODBASE' ENTERED AT
08:59:49 ON 03
JUN 2005

L1 283 SEA RANDOM (3A) HEXAMER#
L2 225 SEA L1 AND (PCR OR POLYMERASE (W) CHAIN)
L3 116 DUP REM L2 (109 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 D 1-116 TI
 D 112 BIB AB
 D 82, 85, 98 BIB AB

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:02:50 ON 03 JUN 2005

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, ESBIODBASE' ENTERED AT 09:04:17 ON 03 JUN
2005

D 38, 39 53 BIB AB

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:04:18 ON 03 JUN 2005

FILE HOME

FILE MEDLINE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 JUN 2005 (20050602/UP). FILE COVERS 1950
TO DATE.

On December 19, 2004, the 2005 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2005 is now available. For details
enter HELP
RLOAD at an arrow prompt (=>). See also:

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/>
http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04_mesh.html

OLDMEDLINE now back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the
MeSH 2005 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
substance identification.

FILE CAPLUS

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database
refer is
held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field
(available

for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after
December

26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original
publications.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Jun 2005 VOL 142 ISS 23

FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Jun 2005 (20050601/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for
details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
substance identification.

FILE JICST-EPLUS

FILE COVERS 1985 TO 30 MAY 2005 (20050530/ED)

THE JICST-EPLUS FILE HAS BEEN RELOADED TO REFLECT THE 1999
CONTROLLED

TERM (/CT) THESAURUS RELOAD.

FILE ESBIODBASE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 31 MAY 2005 <20050531/UP>

FILE COVERS 1994 TO DATE.

>>> SIMULTANEOUS LEFT AND RIGHT TRUNCATION AVAILABLE IN
/CC, /ORGN, AND /ST <<<

FILE STNGUIDE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: May 27, 2005 (20050527/UP).

=>

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 28 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3
 AN 1998432399 MEDLINE
 DN PubMed ID: 9761255
 TI Rapid pathogen detection using a microchip **PCR array**
 instrument.
 AU Belgrader P; Benett W; Hadley D; Long G; Mariella R Jr;
 Milanovich F;
 Nasarabadi S; Nelson W; Richards J; Stratton P
 CS Biology and Biotechnology Research Program, Lawrence Livermore
 National
 Laboratory, CA 94551, USA.. belgrader1@llnl.gov
 SO Clinical chemistry, (1998 Oct) 44 (10) 2191-4.
 Journal code: 9421549. ISSN: 0009-9147.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 199810
 ED Entered STN: 19981021
 Last Updated on STN: 19981021
 Entered Medline: 19981013
 AB An **array** of **PCR** microchips for rapid, parallel testing
 of samples for pathogenic microbes is described. The
 instrument, called
 the Advanced Nucleic Acid Analyzer (ANAA), utilizes 10 silicon
 reaction
 chambers with thin-film resistive heaters and solid-state optics.
 Features of the system include efficient heating and real-time
 monitoring,
 low power requirements for battery operation, and no moving
 parts for
 reliability and ruggedness. We analyzed cultures of *Erwinia*
herbicola
 vegetative cells, **Bacillus subtilis** spores, and MS2 virions,
 which simulated pathogenic microbes such as **Yersinia pestis**,
Bacillus anthracis spores, and Venezuelan equine encephalitis,
 respectively. Detection of microbes was achieved in as little
 as 16 min
 with detection limits of 10(5)-10(7) organisms/L (10(2)-10(4)
 organisms/mL).

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1997:579861 CAPLUS
 DN 127:215947
 TI Detection of nucleic acid sequence differences using the ligase
 detection
 reaction with addressable **array**
 IN Barany, Francis; Barany, George; Hammer, Robert P.; Kempe,
 Maria; Blok,
 Herman; Zirvi, Monib
 PA Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA; University of Minnesota;
 Louisiana

State University; Barany, Francis; Barany, George; Hammer,
Robert P.;

Kempe, Maria; Blok, Herman; Zirvi, Monib

SO PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.
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DATE

PI WO 9731256	A2	19970828	WO 1997-US1535
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19970205 <--

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU,
CZ, DE,

DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR,
KZ, LC,

LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,
PL, PT,

RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US,
UZ, VN,

AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
GB, GR,

IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
GN, ML,

MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2244891	AA	19970828	CA 1997-2244891
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19970205 <--

AU 9727997	A1	19970910	AU 1997-27997
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19970205 <--

AU 735440	B2	20010705	
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EP 920440	A2	19990609	EP 1997-922283
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19970205 <--

R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, SE

JP 2001519648	T2	20011023	JP 1997-530164
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19970205

PRAI US 1996-11359P	P	19960209	
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WO 1997-US1535	W	19970205	
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AB The present invention describes a method for identifying one or
more of a

plurality of sequences differing by one or more single base
changes,

insertions, deletions, or translocations in a plurality of target
nucleotide sequences. The method includes a ligation phase, a
capture

phase, and a detection phase. The ligation phase utilizes a
ligation

detection reaction between one oligonucleotide probe, which has
a target

sequence-specific portion and an addressable **array**-specific

portion, and a second oligonucleotide probe, having a target sequence-specific portion and a detectable label. After the ligation phase, the capture phase is carried out by **hybridizing** the ligated oligonucleotide probes to a solid support with an **array** of immobilized capture oligonucleotides at least some of which are complementary to the addressable **array**-specific portion. Following completion of the capture phase, a detection phase is carried out to detect the labels of ligated oligonucleotide probes **hybridized** to the solid support. The ligation phase can be preceded by an amplification process. The present invention also relates to a kit for practicing this method, a method of forming **arrays** on solid supports, and the supports themselves.

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
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L2	110	peng and hexamer	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:45
L3	73	peng and random near2 hexamer	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/06/03 08:45